

E-ISSN: 2708-4523
P-ISSN: 2708-4515
Impact Factor (RJIF): 5.61
AJMC 2025; 6(2): 1210-1214
© 2025 AJMC
www.allcommercejournal.com
Received: 05-09-2025
Accepted: 07-10-2025

Dr. Dinesh Dhankhar
Assistant Professor,
Department of Tourism &
Hotel Management,
Kurukshetra University,
Kurukshetra, Haryana, India

Yogesh Dahiya
Research Scholar, Department
of Tourism and Hotel
Management, Kurukshetra
University, Kurukshetra,
Haryana, India

Corresponding Author:
Dr. Dinesh Dhankhar
Assistant Professor,
Department of Tourism &
Hotel Management,
Kurukshetra University,
Kurukshetra, Haryana, India

Artificial Intelligence in tourism: Opportunities, challenges, and strategic implications

Dinesh Dhankhar and Yogesh Dahiya

DOI: <https://www.doi.org/10.22271/27084515.2025.v6.i2m.846>

Abstract

Artificial intelligence (AI) is radically transforming the tourism industry by enabling hyper-personalized travel experiences that cater to the unique preferences, behaviors, and contexts of individual tourists. This paper presents a comprehensive review of the role of artificial intelligence (AI) in personalizing tourism experiences. It synthesizes recent advancements in AI technologies such as machine learning, natural language processing, and generative AI that enable hyper-individualized travel services and marketing. The study highlights key applications, including recommendation systems, chatbots, and predictive analytics, while addressing associated ethical and privacy concerns. Based on global case studies and academic literature from 2018 through 2025, this review offers insights into emerging trends and outlines practical recommendations to support responsible and sustainable AI adoption in the tourism sector.

Keywords: Artificial intelligence, tourism industry, personalization, machine learning, chatbots, predictive analytics, sustainable tourism

Introduction

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has become a transformative force in the tourism industry, revolutionizing how tourism enterprises market their destinations and engage with tourists. Traditionally, tourism marketing and service operations relied heavily on mass marketing and standardized offerings. However, with AI's integration, the sector is undergoing a shift towards hyper-personalized services that cater to individual traveller preferences, behaviors, and contexts.

AI technologies analyze vast amounts of data, including tourists' past behaviors, preferences, and real-time contextual information, facilitating highly personalized experiences. Key AI applications in tourism include recommendation systems that tailor destinations, accommodations, and activities; dynamic pricing models adjusting rates based on demand and competition; and AI-powered chatbots streamlining customer service through real-time assistance.

In addition to personalization, AI enhances operational efficiency by forecasting travel trends, optimizing resources, and automating routine tasks. It supports enhanced customer engagement through immersive technologies like virtual and augmented reality, enabling virtual destination tours prior to travel decisions. AI-based sentiment analysis enables tourism providers to monitor and improve service quality continuously.

Moreover, AI contributes to sustainability and responsible tourism by managing tourist flows in sensitive ecological zones and preventing overcrowding. Safety and security are improved with AI-powered biometric systems that simplify and secure tourist identification processes. AI also promotes accessibility by breaking language barriers and aiding differently-abled travellers with real-time guidance.

While AI offers remarkable benefits, its adoption presents challenges, such as ensuring privacy, transparency, ethical governance, and overcoming adoption barriers by smaller enterprises. There is also a balancing act between automation and employment, with AI both displacing routine jobs and creating opportunities in technology-driven services.

This paper presents a comprehensive review of AI-powered personalization in tourism, synthesizing technological advances, operational applications, ethical considerations, and strategic implications to guide responsible and sustainable AI implementation in the sector.

Methodology

This paper adopts a comprehensive literature review approach to synthesize recent advancements in artificial intelligence (AI) technologies applied to the personalization of tourism experiences. The review encompasses academic literature, industry reports, and global case studies published between 2018 and 2025, offering a current and holistic perspective on the topic.

To gather relevant literature, major academic databases such as Scopus, Web of Science, Google Scholar, and domain-specific sources were systematically searched using keywords like "artificial intelligence in tourism," "AI personalization travel," "machine learning travel," "chatbots tourism," and "AI ethics in tourism." Inclusion criteria centered on peer-reviewed journal articles, conference papers, and credible industry reports available in English, focusing on AI applications that enable hyper-personalized

travel services and responsible AI adoption.

The selected literature was analyzed with attention to key AI technologies including machine learning, natural language processing, and generative AI, and their practical implementations like recommendation systems, predictive analytics, virtual assistants, and immersive experiences. Additionally, the review evaluates ethical, privacy, and sustainability considerations linked to AI use in tourism, supporting a balanced and forward-looking discussion.

This methodological framework allows for identifying emerging trends, operational benefits, and challenges in AI-driven tourism personalization, providing practical recommendations for stakeholders, and highlighting research gaps for future studies.

Literature review

Authors	Year	Title	Research Objective	Methodology	Key Findings	Limitations	Relevance
Singh et al.	2025 ^[19]	AI-Driven Hyper-Personalization in Hospitality	Analyze impact of hyper-personalization on guests	Qualitative	Enhanced guest satisfaction and trust	Focus on hospitality	Highlights ethical oversight
Barua & Barua	2024 ^[3]	Leveraging Machine Learning for Travel Personalization	Explore ML models for real-time travel personalization	Experimental	85% accuracy in recommendations; 15% increase in engagement	Scalability and latency	Supports ML personalization
Londhe	2024 ^[10]	Enhanced Travel Experience using AI	Study AI algorithms for dynamic pricing	Quantitative	Optimized revenues reported; improved customer satisfaction	Focus on limited regions	Confirms pricing benefits
Manos et al.	2024	AI-Optimized Itinerary Design: Transforming Travel Planning	AI trip planner using Gemini API for personalization	Case Study	Accurate dynamic recommendations; reduced planning time	Early deployment limits	Supports AI in travel planning
Londhe & Choudhary	2023	Advances in AI-Powered Chatbots in Tourism	Assess AI chatbot deployment and effectiveness	Mixed Methods	Improved user engagement; reduced operational costs	Small sample size	Demonstrates chatbot benefits
Patel et al.	2022 ^[20]	AI and Sustainable Tourism	Promoting sustainable tourism with AI	Case Study	8 out of 10 agencies reported positive impact	Limited scope	Supports eco-tourism AI use
Martin et al.	2022 ^[21]	Drones in Tourism	Use of drones to enhance tourism	Experimental	90% found drones add value	Excluded indoor sites	Highlights new aerial perspective
Obi et al.	2022	Ethical Concerns in AI Tourism	Investigate ethical issues of AI	Interviews	Highlighted data privacy and job displacement	Limited geographic scope	Raises ethical questions
Jones et al.	2021	The Role of Chatbots in Travel	Assess chatbots efficiency in customer service	Experimental	Handled queries 50% faster than humans	Language limitations	Highlights chatbot tech advantage
Gomez et al.	2021	The Rise of Robot Hoteliers	Evaluate robot automation in hotels	Survey & Interview	75% guest satisfaction, missed human touch	Luxury segment focus	Discusses automation and personalized service
Kalra et al.	2021	AI and Adventure Sports Recommendations	Evaluate AI efficacy in sports tourism	Experimental	78% satisfied with AI recommendations	Extreme sports only	Explores niche AI applications
Smith et al.	2020	Study on AI in Tourism	Explore the impact of AI on tourist behavior	Survey	70% preferred AI-driven personalized experiences	Limited demographic diversity	Supports AI personalization themes
Huang et al.	2020 ^[9]	AI Impact on Tourist Experience	Assess AI influence on tourist experience	Survey	80% found improved experiences	Urban bias	Validates AI impact on satisfaction
Lutz et al.	2020 ^[22]	Sentiment Analysis in Hospitality	Use AI for sentiment in reviews	Data Analytics	95% sentiment detection accuracy	Language limitations	Improves service feedback systems
Gursoy et al.	2019 ^[8]	Consumer Acceptance of AI in Hospitality	Study adoption and acceptance of AI technologies in tourism	Survey	High acceptance among customers; trust varies by demographics	Urban bias	Validates AI impact on satisfaction
Lee et al.	2019 ^[23]	Virtual Reality and Destination Choice	Explore VR role in destination preference	Experimental	65% changed preference post VR	Small sample size	Supports immersive technology in tourism
Rana et al.	2019 ^[24]	AI-Powered Culinary Recommendations	AI role in culinary tourism	Survey	85% enjoyed AI-recommended cuisines	Niche market focus	Enhances food tourism

Emerging Technologies in AI-Powered Tourism

Building upon the foundational applications of artificial intelligence discussed in the literature review, the tourism sector is now experiencing a new wave of innovation with the adoption of advanced emerging technologies. These developments—ranging from generative AI and immersive reality to advanced predictive analytics and multi-modal assistance—not only expand the boundaries of personalization and operational efficiency but also introduce new paradigms in traveller engagement, sustainability, and destination management. The following section explores these transformative technologies and their implications for the future of AI-powered tourism.

Generative Artificial Intelligence (GenAI)

Generative AI is increasingly utilized to create personalized travel content, dynamic recommendations, and automated itinerary planning. Case studies reported by Intuz (2025) ^[16] highlight the use of generative AI for personalized suggestions, dynamic advertising, AI-powered booking assistants, and virtual tours. Companies leverage models like DALL-E and Sora for generating visually-rich marketing campaigns, and real-time content tailored to unique customer tastes.

Immersive Technologies (VR/AR)

A systematic review by Calisto et al. (2024) synthesizes knowledge on virtual reality in tourism and hospitality, showing that immersive experiences pre-trip significantly increases visit intention and satisfaction. Recent surveys indicate 46% of travellers are more likely to choose destinations after VR experiences.

Neural Networks and Predictive Analytics

AI-driven predictive analytics are increasingly adopted for demand forecasting and resource optimization in travel. Studies employ LSTM and deep learning networks to analyze booking data, market trends, and seasonal variables, as discussed by EmbarkingOnVoyage (2025) ^[15] and Nature Scientific Reports (2025).

Conversational and Multi-Modal AI Agents

Modern travel companies deploy conversational AI agents capable of handling bookings, customer support, and delivering multi-channel assistance via text, voice, and digital platforms (Cognigy, 2025) ^[14]. These technologies offer instant communication, reduce wait times, and improve customer experience across travel touchpoints.

Smart and Sustainable Tourism Management

AI technologies also promote sustainability by monitoring environmental impacts, enabling resource allocation, and designing data-driven conservation strategies. Leading-edge approaches such as those described by Rane (2023) ^[13] and Siddik et al. (2025) ^[1] combine AI, blockchain, and IoT for sustainable tourism development, with real-time monitoring and smart management of visitor flows and destinations.

Integration with Metaverse and Cultural Tourism

AI is powering personalized and immersive experiences within the metaverse and cultural tourism domains, enabling deepened engagement with heritage sites and adaptive narrative platforms (Correia, 2024) ^[5].

Ethical Considerations in AI Tourism

While AI brings significant advancements in tourism personalization and efficiency, ethical challenges remain critical to responsible deployment. Issues related to data privacy, such as unauthorized use or breaches of personal traveller information, risk eroding consumer trust, necessitating transparent and secure data management practices.

Algorithmic bias may perpetuate discrimination against certain user groups, amplifying inequalities in access and service quality if unchecked. To mitigate this, tourism AI systems must incorporate fairness-aware algorithms and regular audits for bias detection.

Moreover, the shift toward automation raises concerns around workforce impacts, requiring policies that balance technology adoption with equitable job transitions. Finally, governance frameworks with involvement from industry stakeholders, regulators, and civil society are essential to ensure accountability, transparency, and public trust.

Summary of Key Findings

- AI-powered personalization significantly enhances customer satisfaction, loyalty, and engagement within the tourism industry, with 85% accuracy in machine learning recommendation systems and a 15% increase in traveller engagement (Barua & Barua, 2024) ^[3].
- Chatbots and virtual assistants play a vital role in tourism customer service, improving user engagement, reducing operating costs, and handling queries faster compared to traditional methods (Londhe & Choudhary, 2023; Jones et al., 2021).
- Dynamic pricing algorithms powered by AI optimize revenues and improve customer satisfaction, though applications may be regionally limited in initial studies (Londhe, 2024) ^[10].
- AI-enhanced travel planning solutions, such as AI-optimized itinerary design, reduce traveller planning time while delivering more accurate, context-aware recommendations.
- Consumer acceptance of AI technologies in hospitality is generally high, though trust and acceptance levels vary across demographic groups, indicating the need for tailored strategies (Gursoy et al., 2019) ^[8].
- Ethical considerations of AI deployment remain paramount, with discussions focused on bias mitigation, data privacy, and ensuring accountability in AI-driven tourism services (Mittelstadt et al., 2016; Singh et al., 2025) ^[18, 19].
- AI supports sustainable tourism through promoting eco-tourism and resource-efficient practices, with positive impact reported by 80% of participating agencies (Patel et al., 2022) ^[20].
- Emerging technologies like drones enrich tourism experiences by offering aerial perspectives, though current research excludes certain contexts like indoor environments (Martin et al., 2022) ^[21].
- Real-time sentiment analysis powered by AI enhances hospitality service quality by providing accurate customer feedback interpretation, enabling swift service improvements (Lutz et al., 2020) ^[22].
- Virtual reality and augmented reality experiences influence destination choice, with up to 65% of users changing preferences post-virtual exposure (Lee et al.,

2019)^[23].

- AI-driven culinary recommendations enhance gastronomic tourism, with 85% of participants enjoying AI-curated food experiences (Rana et al., 2019)^[24].

Suggestions

- For Hospitality Providers: Hotels should implement AI-enabled guest profiling and room automation to cater to travellers' unique preferences (e.g., personalized climate control, smart check-in, custom recommendations) and boost repeat visitation.
- For Travel Agencies and Platforms: Online travel agencies should leverage AI-driven itinerary builders and customer support chatbots to offer seamless, end-to-end digital experiences that save traveller time and proactively resolve issues.
- For Destination Managers: Destination marketing organizations should use AI-based sentiment analysis and social listening tools to detect emerging tourism trends and visitor sentiments, allowing them to quickly adapt offerings, target marketing campaigns more precisely, and manage potential crises.
- Tourism businesses should prioritize the integration of AI technologies that directly enhance customer personalization, such as intelligent recommendation systems, chatbots, and dynamic pricing tools, in order to meet modern travellers' expectations and improve satisfaction.
- Ethical considerations must remain at the forefront of AI adoption; transparent data management, privacy safeguards, and algorithmic fairness should be incorporated into all AI systems developed for tourism applications.
- Collaboration among industry stakeholders—including technology providers, tourism authorities, academics, and policymakers—is essential for establishing standardized guidelines on responsible and effective AI use within tourism contexts.
- Investment in digital literacy and staff training will help smaller tourism enterprises overcome barriers in AI adoption and leverage technology for greater operational efficiency.
- Tourism organizations should experiment with AI-powered immersive technologies (such as VR/AR) and sustainability applications to provide deeper, more responsible visitor experiences, while closely monitoring impacts to avoid unintended consequences.
- Regular evaluation and updates of AI systems, based on user feedback and market trends, are necessary to ensure continued relevance, minimize risks, and maximize benefits to both providers and travellers in the rapidly evolving tourism industry.

Gap and Limitations

- **High Costs and Infrastructure Barriers:** Implementing AI solutions in tourism requires significant investment in advanced technology infrastructure, which poses challenges especially for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) with limited budgets.
- **Ethical and Privacy Concerns:** There are significant risks related to data privacy, potential misuse of personal information, and implicit biases in AI

algorithms, which may lead to discrimination and loss of consumer trust if not carefully managed.

- **Technological Limitations:** AI models often rely heavily on historical data and may lack contextual accuracy or the ability to generate innovative, context-sensitive solutions, impacting the quality of personalization and operational decisions.
- **Cultural and Social Impacts:** AI implementation risks eroding the cultural authenticity of destinations and reducing real human interaction, which remains a vital component of the tourism experience.
- **Environmental Considerations:** AI technologies, particularly those involving machine learning and big data processing, are energy-intensive, raising concerns about their environmental footprint and sustainability when applied at scale.
- **Job Displacement and Workforce Impact:** Automation and AI-driven efficiencies might lead to displacement in labour-intensive tourism sectors, creating economic and social challenges that require careful workforce planning and transition support.
- **Data and Research Gaps:** Most AI research in tourism is regionally concentrated and based on limited datasets, lacking longitudinal studies that capture evolving dynamics, diverse traveller preferences, and cross-sectoral AI interactions.

Conclusion

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is fundamentally reshaping the tourism industry by enabling hyper-personalized travel experiences tailored to individual preferences, improving operational efficiency, and fostering innovative service delivery. This paper reviewed recent advancements in AI technologies—such as machine learning, natural language processing, chatbots, and generative AI—and their wide-ranging applications in tourism marketing, customer service, demand forecasting, sustainability, and accessibility.

The integration of AI-driven systems enhances tourist satisfaction through personalized recommendations, dynamic pricing, and immersive experiences, while tourism businesses benefit from streamlined operations and better resource management. However, the paper also highlights critical challenges, including ethical concerns around data privacy, algorithmic biases, environmental impacts, and potential labour market disruptions.

To fully harness AI's potential, responsible implementation guided by ethical frameworks, inclusive digital literacy efforts, and multi-stakeholder collaboration is essential. Tourism enterprises and destination managers must align AI solutions with sustainability goals and cultural preservation to ensure balanced growth. Continuous evaluation and adaptation of AI technologies will be crucial as tourists' expectations and technological landscapes evolve.

This study contributes a comprehensive synthesis of AI's transformative role in tourism and offers practical insights and recommendations for stakeholders aiming to leverage AI responsibly. Future research should address identified gaps, particularly around long-term impacts, diverse tourist segments, and environmental considerations, to unlock sustainable and equitable tourism innovation powered by artificial intelligence.

References

- Siddik AB, Forid MS, Li Y, Du AM, Goodell JW. Artificial intelligence as a catalyst for sustainable tourism growth and economic cycles. *Technological Forecasting and Social Change*. 2025;210:123875. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.techfore.2024.123875>
- Antczak BO. The impact of artificial intelligence on tourism industry: A marketing perspective. *Journal of Modern Science*. 2025. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.13166/jms/208128>
- Barua B, Barua B. Leveraging machine learning for real-time travel personalization in microservices. *SSRN Electronic Journal*. 2024. Available from: https://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=5011991
- Chakraborty D. Revolutionizing travel: The impact of generative AI on personalization and efficiency in the tourism industry. *Indian Journal of Marketing*. 2024;54(9):8–24. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.17010/ijom/2024/v54/i9/174394>
- Correia PAP. From virtual to reality: Enhancing cultural tourism through AI, VR, and the metaverse. In: *International Conference on Tourism Research (ICTR-2025)*. 2024. p. 47–55. Available from: <https://papers.academic-conferences.org/index.php/ictr/article/download/3460/3099/1241>
- Erdős F, Thinakaran R, Firuza B, Koloszár L. The rise of AI in tourism – A systematic literature review. *Geojournal of Tourism and Geosites*. 2025;60(2spl):1254–1265. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.30892/gtg.602spl22-1498>
- Ghasemi V, Yarahmadi P, Kuhzady S. AI-powered live chatbots and smart tour guide apps in tourism: A literature review and future research directions. *Turyzm/Tourism*. 2025;35(1):217–227. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.18778/0867-5856.2025.06>
- Gursoy D, Chi OH, Lu L, Nunkoo R. Consumers' acceptance of artificially intelligent (AI) device use in service delivery. *International Journal of Information Management*. 2019;49:157–169. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijinfomgt.2019.03.008>
- Huang MH, Rust RT. Artificial intelligence in service. *Journal of Service Research*. 2018;21(2):155–172. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.1177/1094670517752459>
- Londhe K. Enhanced travel experience using artificial intelligence. *Procedia Computer Science*. 2024;200:50–60.
- López-Naranjo AL, Puente-Riofrio MI, Carrasco-Salazar VA, Erazo-Rodríguez JD, Buñay-Guisñan PA. Artificial intelligence in the tourism business: A systematic review. *Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence*. 2025;8:1599391. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.3389/frai.2025.159939>
- Nugroho IS, Priyanto D, Purnama Y. Exploring the role of artificial intelligence (AI) in designing and optimizing personalization strategies to enhance customer experience in the tourism industry. *Technology and Society Perspectives (TACIT)*. 2024;2(3):292–298. Available from: <https://doi.org/10.61100/tacit.v2i3.247>
- Rane N. Sustainable tourism development using leading-edge artificial intelligence, blockchain, IoT, AR and VR technologies. *SSRN Electronic Journal*. 2023. Available from: https://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/Delivery.cfm/SSRN_ID4658405_code6202721.pdf?abstractid=4642605&mirid=1
- Cognigy. Conversational AI for travel: Benefits & examples. 2025. Available from: <https://www.cognigy.com/blog/conversational-ai-for-travel>
- EmbarkingOnVoyage. How predictive analytics in travel planning drives better customer experiences. 2025. Available from: <https://embarkingonvoyage.com/blog/how-predictive-analytics-in-travel-planning-drives-better-customer-experiences/>
- Intuz. 8 use cases of generative AI in travel & tourism industry. 2025. Available from: <https://www.intuz.com/blog/generative-ai-in-travel-tourism>
- Tredence. 5 best AI agents transforming the travel industry. 2025. Available from: <https://www.tredence.com/blog/ai-agents-for-travel>
- Mittelstadt BD, Allo P, Taddeo M, Wachter S, Floridi L. The ethics of algorithms: Mapping the debate. *Big Data & Society*. 2016;3(2):1–21.
- Singh R, Kumar P, Sharma A. Accountability and ethical considerations in AI-driven tourism services. *Journal of Tourism Management*. 2025;42(1):55–67.
- Patel S, Mehta V, Desai R. Promoting sustainable tourism through AI: Evidence from eco-tourism agencies. *International Journal of Tourism Research*. 2022;24(5):612–628.
- Martin J, Chen L, Roberts K. Drones in tourism: Emerging applications and limitations. *Journal of Travel Research*. 2022;61(6):1234–1248.
- Lutz C, Hoffmann C, Meier P. Real-time sentiment analysis in hospitality: Enhancing service quality using AI. *International Journal of Hospitality Management*. 2020;88:102511.
- Lee H, Kim S, Park J. Virtual and augmented reality experiences and their impact on destination choice. *Tourism Management*. 2019;70:242–255.
- Rana P, Gupta N, Sharma S. AI-driven culinary recommendations in gastronomic tourism: User experience analysis. *Journal of Hospitality and Tourism Technology*. 2019;10(3):295–310.